

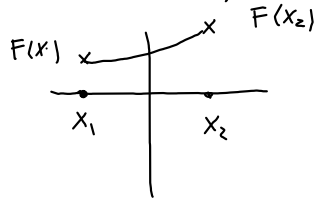
Ex $f \uparrow$ $g \downarrow$ $f \circ g$? \uparrow OR \downarrow ?

WE REMEMBER : $F \uparrow \Leftrightarrow X_1 < X_2$

$$F(X_1) < F(X_2)$$

$$X_1 < X_2 \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} f \circ g(X_1) < f \circ g(X_2)$$

or
>



$$X_1 < X_2$$

$g \downarrow$

WE FLIP

$$g(X_1) > g(X_2)$$

$f \uparrow$

WE DON'T FLIP

$$f(g(X_1)) > f(g(X_2))$$

$$f \circ g(X_1) > f \circ g(X_2)$$

$f \circ g$ FLIPS
 \Downarrow
 $f \circ g \downarrow$

$E \times$ f EVEN
 y ODD

$\Rightarrow f + g ?$

$f ?$
 $f(x) = x^2$

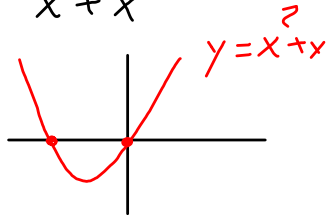
$f + g : x^3 + x^2$

$y ?$
 $g(x) = x^3$

GRAPH IS NOT IMMEDIATE

$g(x) = x$

$f + g : x^2 + x$



NO SYMMETRY W.R.T $(0,0)$

OR $x = 0$

\Rightarrow NOT ODD OR EVEN

Ex

f EVEN
 g ODD

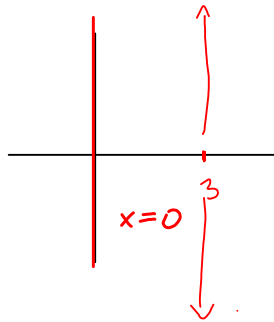
IS POSSIBLE FOR $f+g$ TO BE?
EVEN

$f(x) = x^2$ EVEN

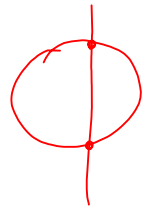
$g(x) = 0$ BOTH EVEN
AND ODD

$f+g$ IS EVEN

$x^2 + 0$ IS EVEN



$f(3)$



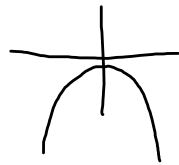
Ex $f \uparrow$ $g \downarrow \stackrel{?}{\Rightarrow} f \cdot g \downarrow ?$ OR $\uparrow ?$

$f \uparrow, g \downarrow$ s.t. $f \cdot g : \uparrow$ $f(x) =$ MAY NEVER
 $g(x) =$ HAPPEN ?

$f \uparrow, g \downarrow$ s.t. $f \cdot g \downarrow$ $\uparrow f(x) = x$ $\uparrow f \cdot g(x) = -x^2$
 $\downarrow g(x) = -x$

$f \uparrow, g \downarrow \Rightarrow f \cdot g \uparrow$

WE WANT TO PROVE THAT



$$x_1 < x_2$$

$$\text{WE WANT } f \cdot g(x_1) < f \cdot g(x_2)$$